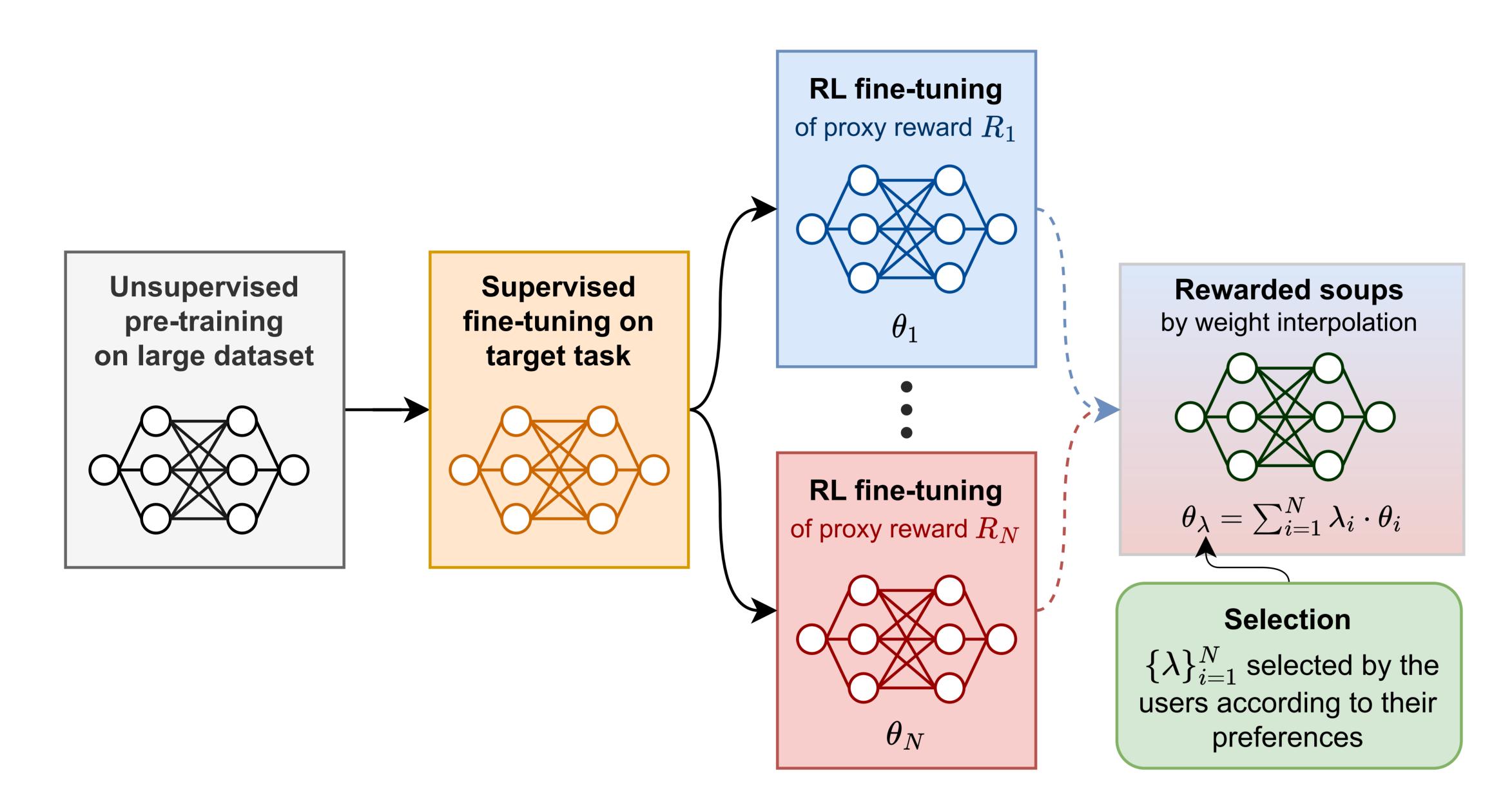


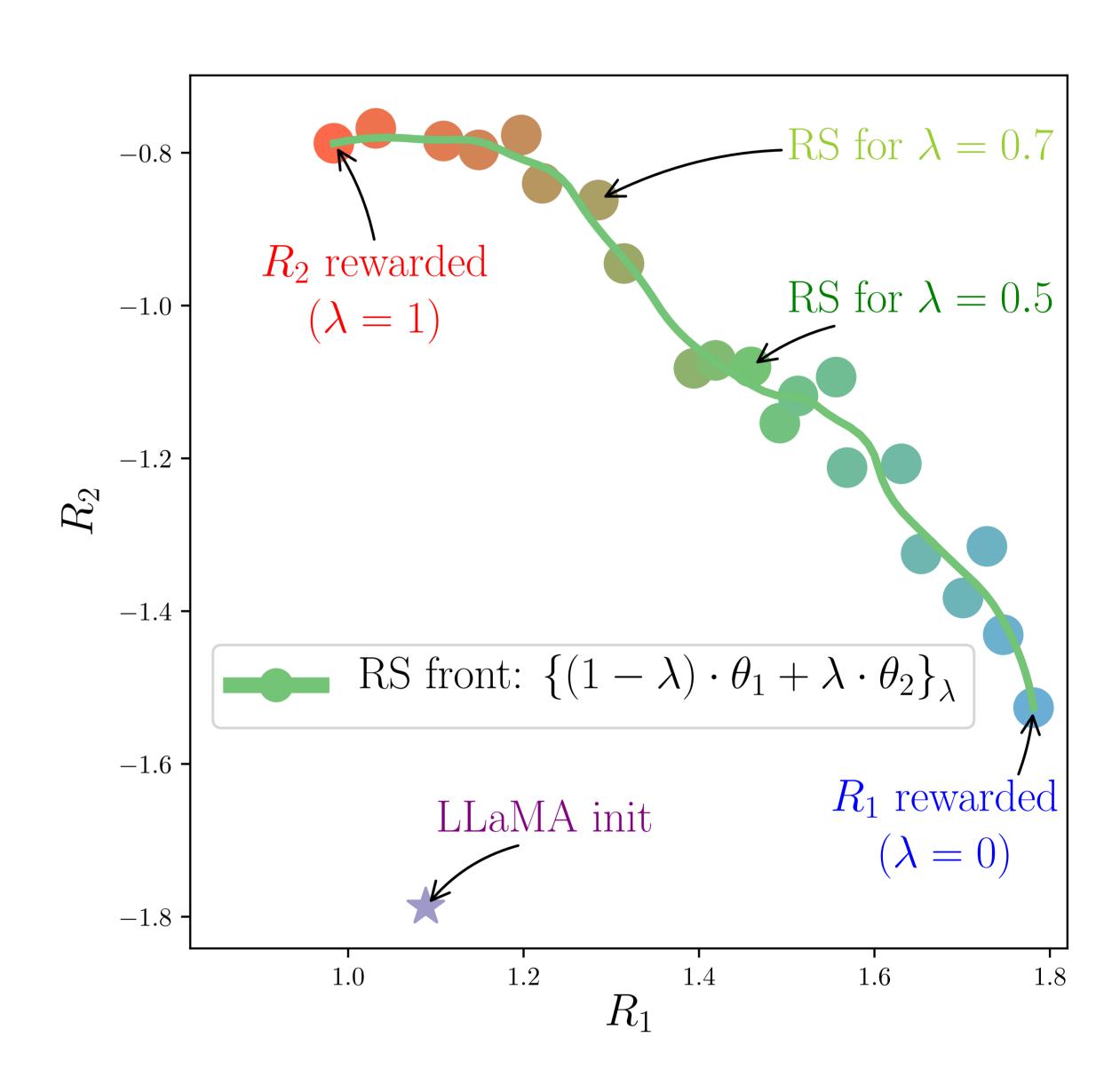
## Rewarded Soups



Towards Pareto-optimal alignment by interpolating weights fine-tuned on diverse rewards Alexandre Ramé, Guillaume Couairon, Corentin Dancette, Jean-Baptiste Gaya, Mustafa Shukor, Laure Soulier, Matthieu Cord



**Fig1.** We propose rewarded soup, an efficient and flexible multipolicy strategy for reinforcement learning from foundation models. We first specialize multiple weights  $\{\theta_i\}_{i=1}^N$  independently, one for each proxy reward in  $\{R_i\}_{i=1}^N$ . Then we interpolate those models linearly in the weight space  $\sum_{i=1}^N \lambda_i \cdot \theta_i$ .



**Fig2.** We consider N=2 weights fine-tuned from LLaMA on 2 divere rewards for summaries:  $\theta_1$  optimized for  $R_1$  evaluating completeness,  $\theta_2$  optimized for  $R_2$  evaluating faithfulness. Then, weight interpolation  $(1-\lambda)\cdot\theta_1+\lambda\cdot\theta_2$  between those 2 models trade-off their abilities.

## Rewarded soup leverages weight interpolation for human-aligned Al via RLHF:

- 1. Move from single-policy towards a multi-policy paradigm to embrace the diversity of human opinions (Fig1).
- 2. Reveals by weight interpolation a Pareto-optimal set of solutions, and thus reduces reward misspecification (Fig2).
- 3. Benefits from linear mode connectivity between weights RLHF fine-tuned with diverse rewards from a shared pretrained initialization.
- 4. Is one step towards more efficient building of more transparent and fairer LLMs.
- 5. Applied to LLMs but also multimodal tasks such as image-to-text captioning, text-to-image diffusion, robot locomotion and more.